



LESSON: ALAN SHEPARD'S SPACE EXPLORATION

(To follow Amplify CKLA 1, Knowledge 6, Lesson 6)

At a Glance

In this lesson, students expand on their growing knowledge of space exploration by learning about New Hampshire-born astronaut Alan Shepard, who was the first American in space.

Primary Focus Objectives

- Students discuss a historic photograph.
- Students will read and place statements along a timeline.
- Students will write about where they would like to travel in space.

Formative Assessment

- Timeline activity
- Space journey response

Standards

CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.1.2

Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media

Materials

- Focus Text: Alan Shepard Suited Up
- Optional Focus Text: Moose on the Loose, Unit 15, Learn It! "Post-War NH," page 8
- Timeline template
- Timeline cards
- My Space Journey worksheet
- Optional: Draw Your Own Comic: Space Travel

Learning Activity

- 1. **Focus Text: Alan Shepard Suited Up.** Project or distribute copies of the image and its caption. Begin by discussing what students observe about the photograph. Read the caption together and discuss why Alan Shepard's journey was important. (10 minutes)
- 2. **Make a timeline.** Give students the timeline template. Talk about how the years are organized. Distribute the card worksheet and support students as they cut out cards and arrange them on the timeline. As a whole group, review the cards aloud in order. (15 minutes)
- 3. **My Space Journey.** Talk with students about the different reasons Alan Shepard went into space. Ask them to think about what they would want to explore in space. Distribute the worksheet and give them time to write about and illustrate their thinking. (20 minutes)





EDUCATOR RATIONALE AND ANSWER GUIDE

Connection to Amplify

This lesson expands upon the learning objectives in Amplify Grade 1, Knowledge 6, Lesson 6: History of Space Exploration and Astronauts, by making connections to the life and space journeys of New Hampshire-born astronaut, Alan Shepard. Shepard is especially important to the history of space exploration because he was the first American to go into outer space. Students develop historical thinking skills in this lesson by examining a timeline, reading non-fiction text and placing events in chronological order. Students also develop their historical thinking skills by examining photographs and writing about what their own space journey might be like based on what they have learned.

Focus Text: Alan Shepard Suited Up

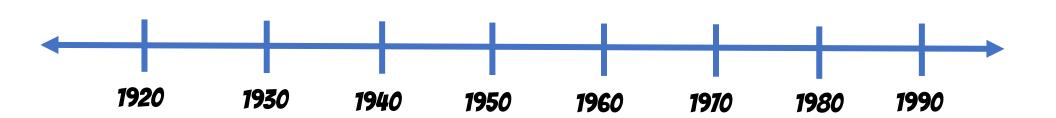
Students may observe that the spacesuit Shepard is wearing is different from modern spacesuits. After reading or listening to the caption, students should understand that Shepard was from Derry, New Hampshire, was a test pilot, and that he spent just over 15 minutes in space. Consider also reading aloud, or with reading groups, page 8 of Unit 15: Learn It! "Post War NH." The details on that page are used for the timeline activity, including information accessed in the clickable biography.

Make a timeline

The cards each have a year, which should help students place them along the timeline. Students will need to determine how close to each decade on the timeline to place each card. Explain to students they can place the cards above or below the line and draw a line to the spot on the line where they think the exact year is located. After reading through the cards, talk about the different reasons why Shepard went to space: his first mission was to prove that humans could go out to space and return. His second mission was to prove that humans could land and walk on the moon and return.

My Space Journey

Responses will vary but encourage students to explain what, where, and why they would make that particular journey. Consider using the Draw Your Own Comic activity for students who are still developing writing skills.





ALAN SHEPARD TIMELINE CARDS

Alan Shepard was born in **1923**. He grew up in Derry, New Hampshire.

Alan Shepard served in the Navy in **1944** and **1945** during World War II.

Alan Shepard graduated from the U.S. Naval Academy. He became a test pilot in **1950**.

Alan Shepard was selected to be in the first group of American astronauts in **1959**.

In **1961**, Alan Shepard flew 116 miles above Earth's surface. He was the first American to fly into outer space.

In **1971**, Alan Shepard led the Apollo 14 mission. He landed on the moon.

Alan Shepard died in **1998**.



